

Appendix H: Cost Share Guidelines

- A. The County cost share program may be made available for the purchase of herbicides to be applied on lands within the county for control of weeds listed on the State Noxious Weed List.
- B. Cost share will be limited to \$1,500.00 per landowner during one calendar year and a limit of \$6,000.00 in a four year period. Any landowner may apply to the Weed Board to reenter the program after a one year break.
- C. Cost share will not be available to landowners who may be obtaining herbicide cost share under a grant or other programs unless approval is given by the County Weed Board.
- D. Users of the program must own or manage lands within the county and provide a Weed Management Plan for the Property.
- E. The management plan will include the following:
 - 1. Owner of record and a contact person
 - 2. Legal description of the property
 - 3. List of water wells and their depths
 - 4. Map of the property showing water courses, wetlands, and any areas with sensitive habitat or vegetation
 - 5. A list of the weeds to be controlled and their approximate location on the property
 - 6. A brief narrative stating the control methods planned
 - 7. Provide a current license for the use of restricted herbicides or provide the license of the commercial applicator.
- F. The County Weed Board may require the use of specific herbicides or other appropriate control methods in sensitive areas.

According to the Montana Weed Control Act, a noxious weed is any non-native plant that may render land unfit for agriculture, wildlife, forestry, recreation, and other beneficial uses of the land or that may harm native plant communities. These weeds have been prioritized by the Jefferson County Weed Board.

MONTANA NOXIOUS WEED LIST

Priority 1A	<p>These weeds are not present in Montana. Management criteria will require eradication if detected; education; and prevention</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Yellow starthistle - (<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i>)
Priority 1B	<p>These weeds have limited presence in Montana. Management criteria will require eradication or containment and education</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Dyers woad - (<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>) ➤ Flowering rush – (<i>Butomus umbellatus</i>) ➤ Japanese knotweed complex – (<i>Polygonum</i> spp.) ➤ Purple loosestrife – (<i>Lythrum</i> spp.) ➤ Rush skeleton – (<i>Chondrilla juncea</i>) ➤ Eurasian watermilfoil – (<i>Myriophyllum specatum</i>) ➤ Scotch broom – (<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>) ➤ Curlyleaf pondweed – (<i>Potamogeton crispus</i>)
Priority 2A	<p>These weeds are common in isolated areas of Montana. Management criteria will require eradication or containment where less abundant. Management shall be prioritized by local weed districts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Tansy ragwort – (<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>) ➤ Meadow hawkweed complex – (<i>Hieracium</i> spp.) ➤ Orange hawkweed – (<i>Hieracium aurantiacum</i>) ➤ Tall buttercup – (<i>Ranunculus acris</i>) ➤ Perennial pepperweed – (<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>) ➤ Yellowflag iris – (<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>) ➤ Blueweed – (<i>Echium vulgare</i>) ➤ Hoary Alyssum – (<i>Berteroa incana</i>)
Priority 2B	<p>These weeds are in Montana & widespread in many counties. Management criteria will require eradication or containment where less abundant. Management shall be prioritized by local weed districts.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Canada thistle – (<i>Cirsium arvense</i>) ➤ Field bindweed - (<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>) ➤ Leafy spurge – <i>Euphorbia esula</i>) ➤ Whitetop – (<i>Cardaria draba</i>) ➤ Russian knapweed – (<i>Centaurea repens</i>) ➤ Spotted knapweed – (<i>Centaurea stoebe</i> or <i>maculosa</i>) ➤ Diffuse knapweed – (<i>Centaurea diffusa</i>) ➤ Dalmation toadflax – (<i>Linaria dalmatica</i>) ➤ St. Johnswort – (<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>) ➤ Sulfur cinquefoil – (<i>Potentilla recta</i>) ➤ Common tansy – (<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>) ➤ Oxeye daisy – (<i>Chrysanthemum leucanthemum</i> or <i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>) ➤ Houndstongue – (<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>) ➤ Yellow toadflax – (<i>Linaria vulgaris</i>) ➤ Saltcedar – (<i>Tamarix</i> spp.)
Priority 3	<p>Regulated Plants: (NOT MONTANA LISTED NOXIOUS WEEDS). These regulated plants have the potential to have a significant negative impact. The plant may not be intentionally spread or sold other than as a contaminant in agricultural products. The state recommends research, education and prevention to minimize the spread of the regulated plant.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Cheatgrass – (<i>Bromus tectorum</i>) ➤ Hydrilla – (<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>)

Jefferson County Weed Control Cost Share Agreement
Weed Management Plan

Part 1:

Owner of Record: _____

Address _____

Telephone: _____

Contact person: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

Email: _____

The primary land use is: Agricultural _____, Industrial _____,

Recreational _____, Residential _____,

Right-of- Way _____

General area of location:

Legal Description of land under this agreement:

PART 2: WATER WELLS AND WATER COURSES

Wells

DEPTH

LOCATION

WATER COURSES

THE NAME (if any) OF THE WATER COURSES, ENTERANCE AND EXIT POINTS ON THE PROPERTY. PROVIDE A MAP OR GPS DATA.

PART 3: LIST AND PROVIDE THE Location OF PLANTS, WILDLIFE HABITAS, And RIPARIAN AREAS THAT MAY REQUIRE SPECIAL TEATMENT CONSIDERATONS. PROVIDE A MAP OR GPS DATA

EXPLAIN THE MITGATION MEASURES THAT WILL BE USED:

PART 4: LIST THE WEEDS OF CONCERN, PROVIDE AND APPROXIMATE LOCATION AND ACREAGE: PROVIDE A MAP OR GPS DATA

CONTROL METHODS:

LIST ANY HERBICIDES PLANNED FOR USE:

LIST ANY OTHER CONTROL METHODS PLANNED;

ONE MAP SHOWING ALL THE DATA OF WELLS, WATER COURSES, SENSITIVE AREAS AND INFESTATION AND WEEDS MAY BE SUBMITTED.

ASSISTANCE WITH GPS DATA MAY BE PROVIDED ON REQUEST

PRIVATE APPLICATORS LICENSE _____ EXPIRATION DATE _____

RECOMMENDATION OF THE BOARD:

LAND OWNER OR AGENT

_____ DATE _____

WEED BOARD:

_____ DATE _____